Upper Platte Basin Drought Contingency Plan

Drought Task Force Meeting #4

June 27, 2023















Safety Moment



- Look out for extension cords!
- Emergency exits
- Tornado shelter
- 911 caller
- Restrooms

















Supply Check

- Nametag
- Device with web-access to use for mentimeter polling activities (cell phone, laptop, tablet)
- Photo Release
 - If you <u>DO NOT</u> want to have your photo taken and used on the UPBDCP website, make sure you check the box next to your name on the sign-in sheet

















Today's Agenda

- Welcome and Introductions
- Drought Planning Recap
- Review of May 23 Drought Tabletop Exercise
- Draft Drought Plan Overview
- Discussion
- What Comes Next?















Introductions

Tell us who you are! (Name, Role, Organization)















Drought Planning Recap

How did we get here?















Project Background

- Development of a drought contingency plan was identified as a key element in the basin-wide IMP
- Pursued and secured grant funding through BOR's WaterSMART program
- Similar to IMPs Overarching basin-wide drought plan to support individual NRD and individual stakeholder drought plans with implementation of mitigation and response actions
- Coordination and communication is key















Bureau of Reclamation Drought Planning

• 6 elements to the plan development process

















Roles and Responsibilities

Primary Stakeholder Group:

- Consists of Platte Basin Coalition
 members
 - Central Platte NRD
 - North Platte NRD
 - South Platte NRD
 - Tri Basin NRD
 - Twin Platte NRD
 - Nebraska Department of Natural Resources

Duties:

- Provide guidance and oversight in plan development, background information, review
- Support plan development
- Decision-making authority responsible for plan content and approval















Roles and Responsibilities

Drought Task Force:

- Consists of diverse group of waterrelated interests:
 - Agriculture
 - Environment / Wildlife
 - Financial
 - Groundwater Irrigators
 - Groundwater Users
 - Irrigation Districts
 - Municipalities
 - Public Power Districts
 - Surface Water Users
 - Recreation Users





SOUTH PLATTE Natural Resources District









Duties:

- Provide focused input to the plan development team
- Assist in the understanding of vulnerabilities and impacts of drought in the basin
- Provide input on potential mitigation and response actions.

Drought Task Force Mtg #1 July 21, 2022

• Project Background

- Reviewed roles and responsibilities
- BOR planning process
- Outlined roles and responsibilities
- Initial Vulnerability Assessment
 - Discussed vulnerabilities to each sector
 - Identified potential impact severity
- Initial Mitigation Action Identification















Drought Task Force Mtg #2 March 29, 2023

- Drought Monitoring
 - Discussed available tools, those in use currently, and potential applications
 - Looked at historic drought impacts to determine how monitoring could benefit
 - Discussed impact indicators by sector
- Vulnerabilities
 - Refined list of sector vulnerabilities
 - Prioritized short-term and long-term drought vulnerabilities for each sector
- Mitigation & Response Actions
 - Discussed what actions would be beneficial to each sector















Drought Task Force Mtg #3 May 23, 2023

• Monitoring Data

- Identified the most beneficial indicators and indices, based on feedback
- Presented basic timeline of monitoring elements and timing
- Mitigation and Response Actions
 - Discussed recommended actions, by sector

SOUTH PLATTE

• Drought Tabletop Exercise

North Platte

- Used the 2012 drought and the 2003-2006 drought as reference
- Small groups talked through single and multi-year drought scenarios
- Identified what data they're paying attention to, what coordination needs to take place, considered mitigation and response actions, and specific triggers for actions















Review – May 23rd Tabletop Exercise















What Did We Learn?

- Identified need/desire for better/longer lead time forecasting tools
- Evaluated monitoring protocols effectiveness during simulated (historic) droughts – both short and long-term
- Evaluated effectiveness of mitigation/response actions by sector both short and long-term















"Forward-Looking" Monitoring

• Challenges:

- Reliability/Diversity not all droughts same type, same cause, etc.
- Multiple factors drive drought conditions similar conditions can yield different outcomes due to complexity
- Some indices have relatively short historic record limits verification dataset
- You want to limit false positives "cry wolf"

Recommendations

- EDDI (evaporative demand) 1, 3, 6, and 12-month Useful for demand trends has been effective in flash drought prediction in combination with precipitation forecasting (30, 60, 90-day forecast).
- SPI (standard precip. index)- relative comparison amongst the indices values (1 month vs. 3 month, etc.) to evaluate trends in and out of drought conditions 'drought momentum' (per T. Shannon)















Mitigation & Response Actions

- Allocations/metering how is timing of drought related to allocation period?
 - Telemetry benefits
- Commingled irrigation = water supply options
 - Regulation or legal changes required?
- Conjunctive Management
 - Surface Water Storage operational changes (decisions on early releases? or restrict competing uses if necessary?)
 - New projects and monitoring
 - N-CORPE-type Augmentation Pumping (look at current triggers for using existing projects)
- Education & Public Outreach
 - Management, Crop Diversity, personal water conservation, etc.















Mitigation & Response Actions Cont.

- Increased and more consistent communication on drought conditions and resources available
- Varying crops and seed spacing
 - Plant drought tolerant cover crop early, terminate if conditions are good?
- Public and private well interference issues
- Options for power plant cooling water
- Drought dashboard: Supply and Demand data?















Sector	Mitigation or Response Action	Effectiveness
Agriculture	Emergency Hay/Forage Programs (Response)	High
Agriculture	Comingled Irrigation (Mitigation)	High
Agriculture	Irrigation Scheduling and Groundwater Controls (Response)	High
Agriculture	Livestock Protection, Shade and Water (Response)	Medium
Agriculture	Soil and Rangeland Health (Mitigation)	Medium
Agriculture	Irrigation Efficiency (Mitigation)	Medium
Agriculture	Groundwater Recharge Projects (Mitigation)	Medium
Agriculture	Additional Surface Water Storage/Conjunctive Management (Mitigation)	Medium
Agriculture	Erosion Conservation Measures (Mitigation)	Medium
Agriculture	Crop Variety and Seed Spacing (Response)	Medium















Sector	Mitigation or Response Action	Effectiveness
Energy	Increase Availability of Cooling Water (Mitigation)	Medium
Energy	Protect Power Infrastructure from Fire Threats (Mitigation)	Medium
Energy	Improve Efficiency of Water Delivery (Mitigation)	Medium
Energy	Load and Peak Demand Management (Response)	Medium















Sector	Mitigation or Response Action	Effectiveness
Municipal/ Industrial/ Domestic (M/I/D)	Emergency/Fire Water Storage (Response)	Medium
M/I/D	Emergency Potable Water (Response)	Medium
M/I/D	Increase Groundwater Quality Monitoring (Mitigation/Response)	Medium
M/I/D	Increase Groundwater Quantity Monitoring (Mitigation/Response)	Medium
M/I/D	Water Use Restrictions (Lawn Irrigation) (Response)	Medium
M/I/D	Develop Emergency Action Plan (Mitigation)	Medium
M/I/D	Drill Deeper Production Wells/Replace Infrastructure	Low















Sector	Mitigation or Response Action	Effectiveness
Environmental	Protect Ecosystem Functions (Control Invasive Species) (Mitigation)	Medium
Environmental	Increase Riparian Buffer Zones (Mitigation)	Medium
Environmental	Improve Drought Resilient Habitats (Mitigation)	Medium
Environmental	Controlled (Prescribed) Burns (Mitigation)	Medium
Environmental	Improve Wildlife Protection (Mitigation)	Medium
Environmental	Coordinate Wildfire Suppression (Response)	Medium
Environmental	Habitat Recovery (Response)	Medium















Sector	Mitigation or Response Action	Effectiveness
Recreation	Lake Dredging and Aquatic Habitat Restoration (Mitigation)	Medium
Recreation	Watershed WQ Management (Mitigation)	Medium
Recreation	Drought Resilient Recreational Facilities (Mitigation)	Medium
Recreation	Fish and Game Regulations During Drought (Response)	Low















Sector	Mitigation or Response Action	Effectiveness
Socio-Economic	Improve Drought Resilience of Public Services (Mitigation)	Medium
Socio-Economic	Increase Air Quality Monitoring (Response)	Medium
Socio-Economic	Coordinate Disaster Relief (Response)	Medium
Socio-Economic	Coordinated Emergency Response (wildfire for example) (Response)	Medium
Socio-Economic	Access to Mental Health Resources (Mitigation)	Low
Socio-Economic	Public Outreach for Drought Education and Available Financial Assistance (Mitigation)	Low
Socio-Economic	Prepare and Train for Disease Outbreaks (Mitigation)	Low















BREAK

We'll see you back here in about 15 minutes!















Overview of Draft Drought Plan















Document Contents

- Plan Background
- Basin Description
- Vulnerability Assessment
- Monitoring Protocols
- Drought Management
 - Mitigation Measures
 - Response Actions
- Operational & Administrative Framework

















Vulnerability Assessment

- An evaluation of the risks to critical resources withing a planning area and the factors contributing to those risks
- Drought impacts were divided into Agriculture, Energy, Municipal & Industrial Supply, Environmental, Recreation, and Socio-Economic sectors
 - Looked at major impacts/vulnerabilities in each sector
- Historic impacts of short-term and long-term droughts
- Potential future vulnerabilities





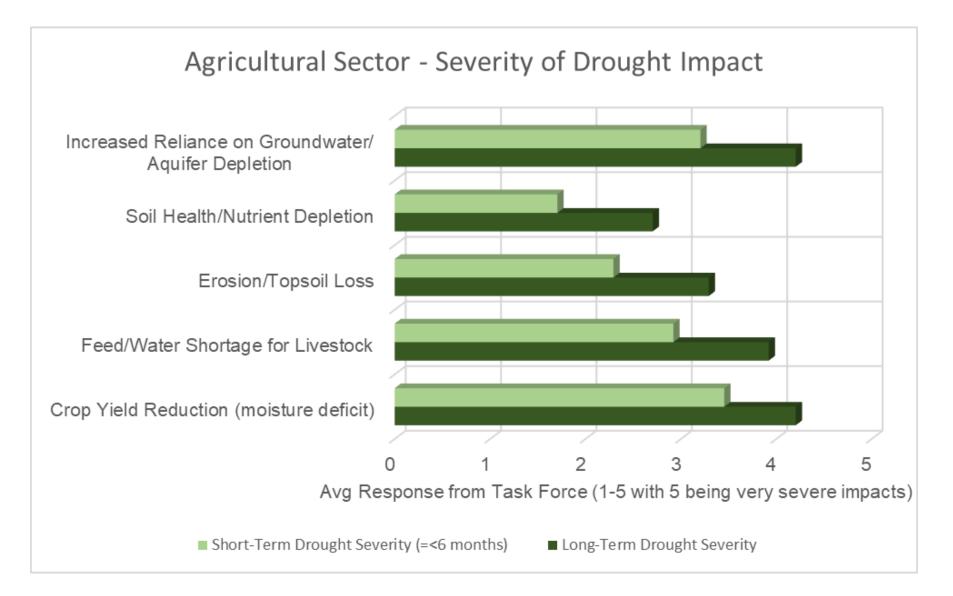
















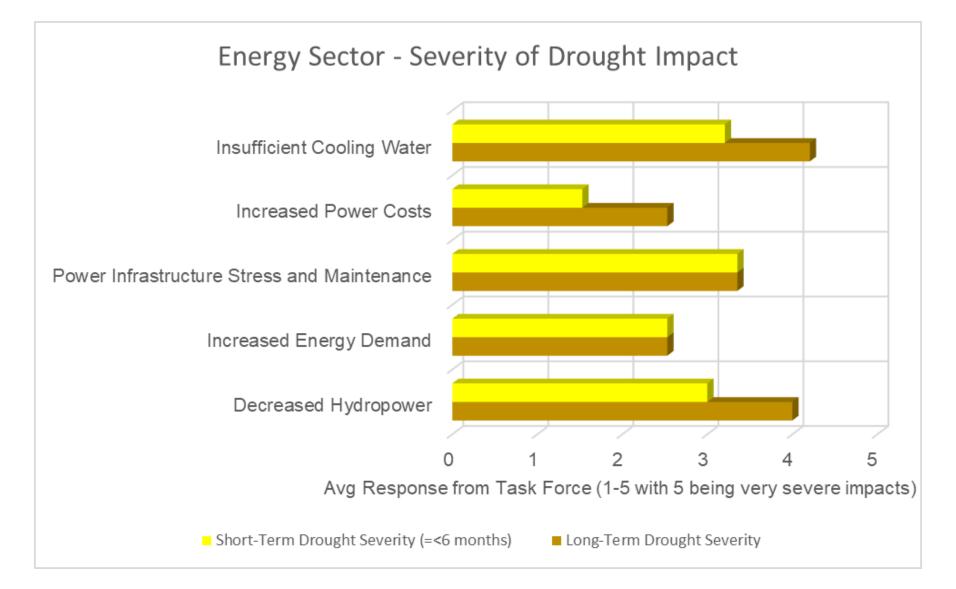
















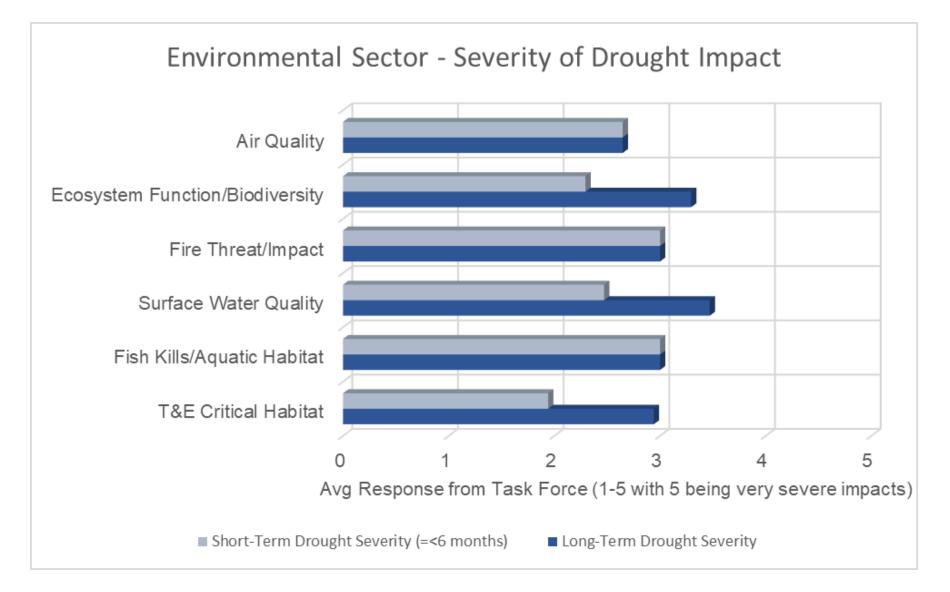
















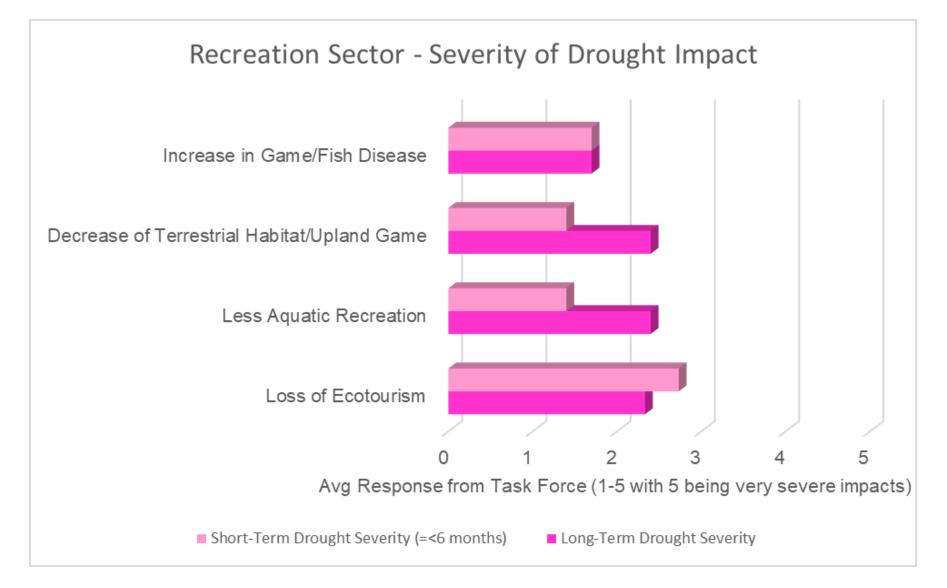
















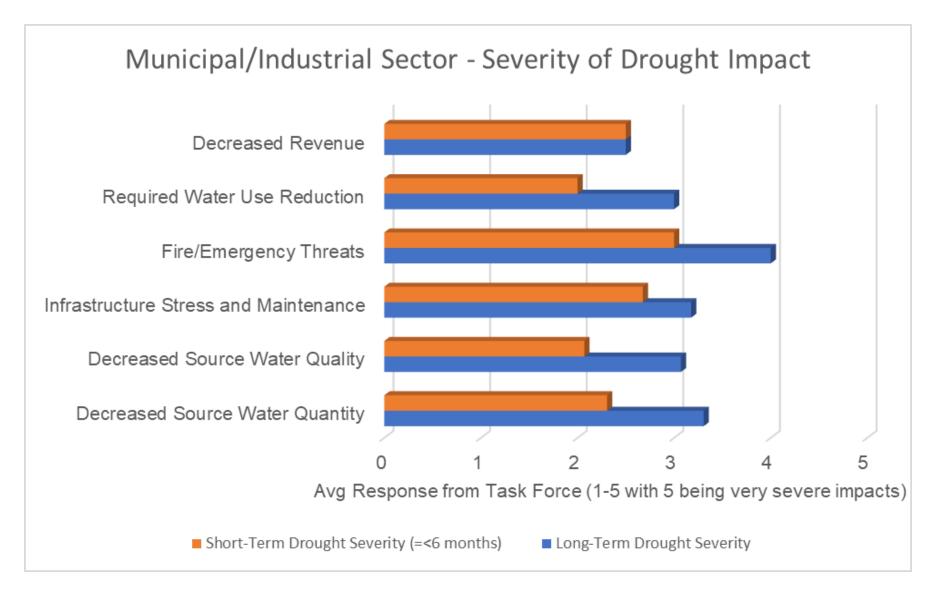
















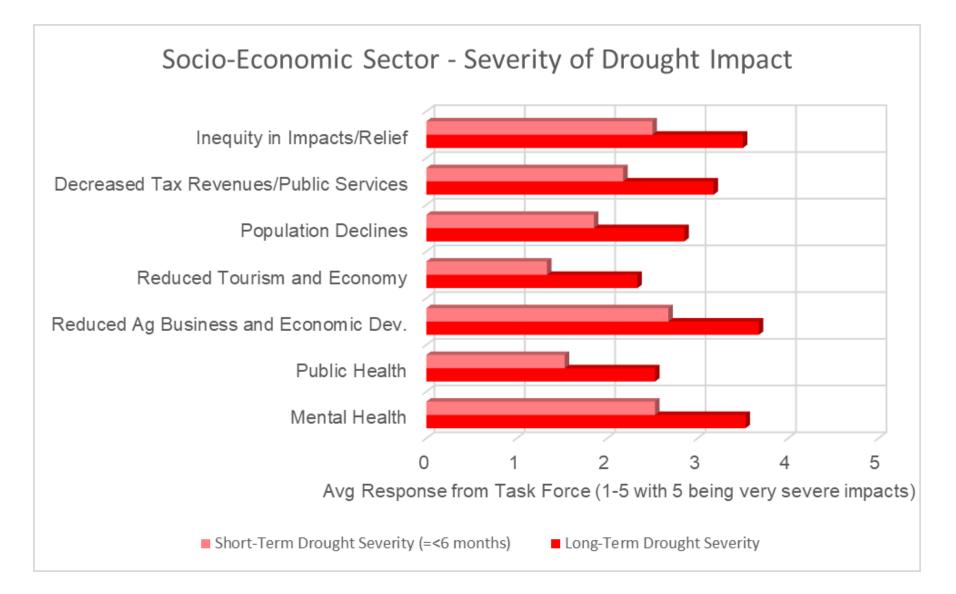


























Vulnerability Assessment - Let's Discuss

• Are there vulnerabilities that haven't been addressed?

















Drought Monitoring

- Provides a means of measuring drought and provides framework to predict probability of drought or confirm existing drought
 - Intended to complement existing monitoring efforts
- Details on indices and indicators considered for the plan
- Evaluation of the usefulness of indices and indicators in drought monitoring, based on drought impacts
- A look at monitoring performed by other agencies
- Monitoring plan recommendations















Drought Monitoring

- Recommended indicators and indices for the monitoring plan need the following characteristics:
 - Have a history of use in the Upper Platte River Basin of at least 30 years
 - Be widely collected throughout the Upper Platte River Basin
 - Likely to continue to be collected
 - Collected by others and distributed online
 - Be updated in a timely fashion















Drought Monitoring

Recommended indicators and indices for the monitoring plan:

- Standardized Precipitation Index (SPI)
- Standard Precipitation Evapotranspiration Index (SPEI)
- Evaporative Demand Drought Index (EDDI)
- Palmer Drought Severity Index (PDSI)















- Snow Depth and Content (SWE)
- Stream Flow
- Reservoir Storage
- Deciles

Drought Monitoring - Recommendations

- Intended to complement existing drought monitoring efforts
- Information would be presented as real-time (current drought conditions) and forecast (if drought will develop or ease)
- Supplemental to NDMC drought monitoring additional context
- Drought severity notification categories of "Drought Watch" and "Drought Warning"
 - Drought Watch: notes that conditions are favorable for a drought to start
 - Drought Warning: issued during drought, when there is high confidence that an impact has or will occur















Drought Monitoring – Draft Recommendations

Drought Watch Conditions

- Above normal evaporative demand
 - EDDI, 1 month > 3 month > 6 month > 12 month and at least one of these is more than +1
- On-going trend toward drought, evidence of below-average precipitation
 - SPI, 1 month < 3 month < 6 month < 12 month and at least one of these is less than 0
- Potential decreased crop yields/poor pasture conditions/increased irrigation
 - SPEI -1 to 8-month is less than -1; or
 - EDDI 1- to 8-month is more than +1
- Summer flows below normal
 - Remaining SWE in the North Platte Basin in June is less than 6-inches or less than 4-inches in the South Platte Basin.
 - Surface Water Storage (NEED TRIGGER storage and time)

Drought Warning Conditions

- A likely decrease in crop yield production and higher energy demands (cooling)
 - During summer, either SPEI (1- to 3-month) is less than -1 or EDDI (1- to 3-month) is more than +1. Drought Indicators and thresholds verify by county and crop type.
- Others?
 - Fire risk? (nebraskawildfirerisk.com)
 - Heating degree days?
 - River flows (Grand Island gage, for instance)















Drought Monitoring - Recommendations

Monitoring Element	Timing
System Reservoir Water Storage	Year-round
Drought Indices (PDSI, EDDI, SPI)	Year-round
River Flows Year-round	
Snowpack	February – June
Water Delivery/Runoff Forecasts (BOR, etc.)	February-April
Aquifer Levels	Spring and Fall
Allocation Status (Where Applicable)	Spring/Summer









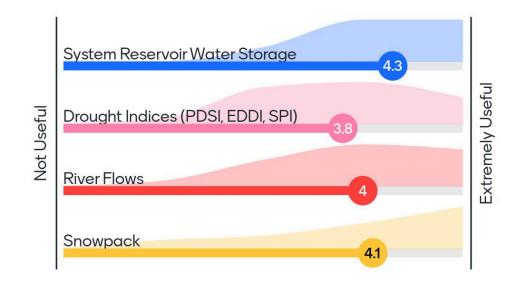






衬 Mentimeter

Rate the usefulness of the following monitoring options

















🕍 Mentimeter

Rate the usefulness of the following monitoring options











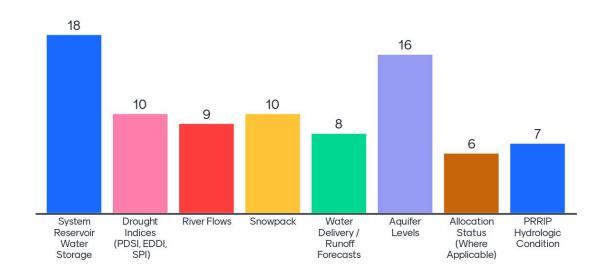






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October - December, Which of these tools are you looking at?











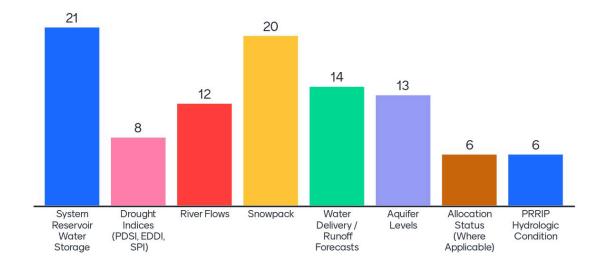






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January - April, Which of these tools are you looking at?











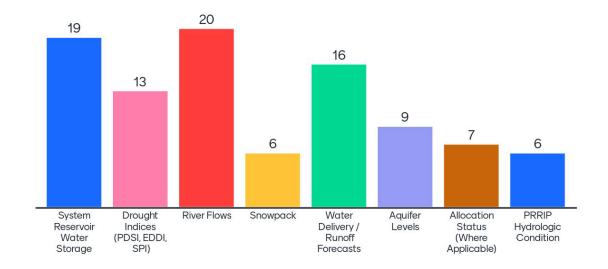






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May-September, Which of these tools are you looking at?

















🖬 Mentimeter

What are some existing triggers you use with current monitoring systems? (19) Answers

 River flows, storage levels.
 Storage levels in Lake McConaughy as related to FERC
 Ground water levels. UNL drought monotor

 drought indices, PRRIP target flows, system storage, river
 capacity of McConaughy, UNL drought monitor
 PRRIP targets, instream flow targets, SW user demands (call on the river)

 Weather service and/or USGS river flows
 Storage levels, river flows
 End of Irrigation season storage use to determine if contract















衬 Mentimeter

What are some existing triggers you use with current monitoring systems? (19)

19 Answers

forcasts.El-Nino strength

River flow snow pack	Current EA volume and release plans	Snowpack and runoff forecast is important through end of June, not only how much snowpack there is but how it	
		comes off/melts is just as important at times.	
Previous allocation use, drought monitor, aquifer levels	Snow pack, river flows, groundwater levels		
		Rainfall, area of coverage,	
Drought inducies, PRIP target flows, groundwater level changes	how full the wetlands are		
		Spring USBR runoff projection vs. USBR reservoir available capacity.McConaughy above or below 800 kaf in spring.South Platte June-July temperature and precip	















衬 Mentimeter

What are some existing triggers you use with current monitoring systems?

19 Answers

Redo or levels. Snowpack.











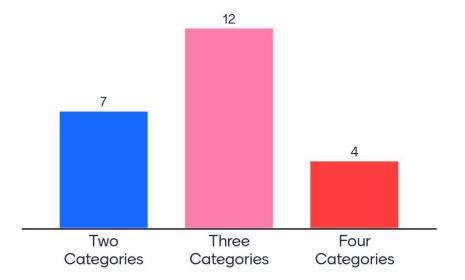






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How many drought severity categories should be established?











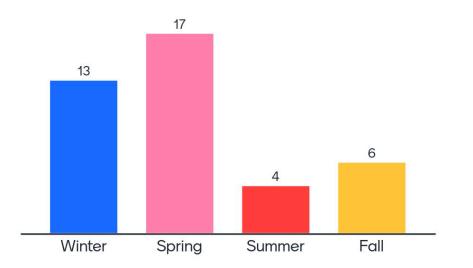






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What are critical time periods for making decisions











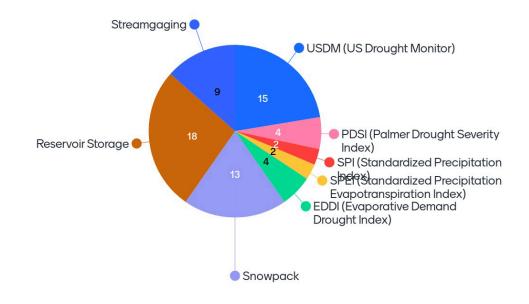






🖬 Mentimeter

Which indicators would be most useful on a dashboard (Choose 3)

















Mitigation Measures

- Implemented prior to the onset of drought conditions to help reduce potential impacts
- Numerous mitigation actions per sector were considered
- Categorized into mitigation projects, programs, or policy















Mitigation Measures

Sector	Mitigation Action	Туре
Agriculture	Groundwater Recharge Projects	Project
Agriculture	Irrigation Efficiency	Program
Agriculture	Additional Surface Water Delivery and Storage	Project
Agriculture	Erosion Conservation Measures	Program
Agriculture	Commingled Irrigation	Policy
Energy	Increase Availability of Cooling Water	Project
Energy	Protect Power Infrastructure from Fire Threats	Project
Municipal/Industrial /Domestic	Develop Emergency Action Plans for Water Shortage	Policy
Municipal/Industrial /Domestic	Drill Deeper Production Wells/Replace Older Infrastructure	Project















Mitigation Measures

Sector	Mitigation Action	Туре
Environmental	Protect Ecosystem Functions	Policy
Environmental	Increase Riparian Buffer Zones	Project
Environmental	Improve Drought Resilient Habitats	Project
Environmental	Controlled (Prescribed) Burns	Project
Environmental	Improve Wildlife Protection	Policy
Recreation	Lake Dredging and Aquatic Habitat Restoration	Project
Recreation	Watershed WQ Management	Program
Recreation	Drought Resilient Recreational Facilities	Project
Socio-Economic	Access to Mental Health Resources	Program
Socio-Economic	Public Outreach for Drought Education and Available Financial Assistance	Program
Socio-Economic	Prepare and Train for Disease Outbreaks	Program
Socio-Economic	Improve Drought Resilience of Public Services	Policy















衬 Mentimeter

Please rate the following mitigation PROJECTS by potential effectiveness

















衬 Mentimeter

Please rate the following mitigation PROJECTS by potential effectiveness











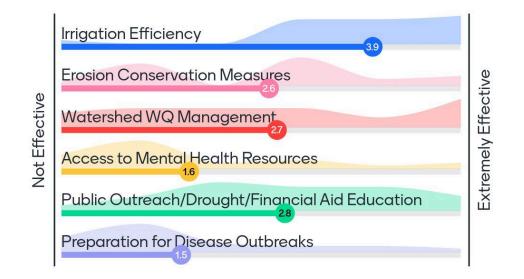






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Please rate the following mitigation PROGRAMS by potential effectiveness











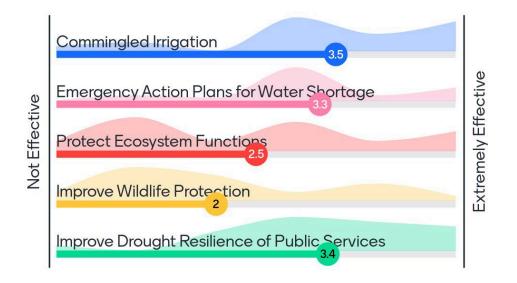






衬 Mentimeter

Please rate the following mitigation POLICIES by potential effectiveness

















Response Actions

- Near-term actions triggered during specific stages of drought
- Manage the limited supply, decrease the severity of impacts
- Should be quickly implemented/provide rapid benefits
- Numerous mitigation actions per sector were considered
- Responses categorized into Individual Producer with Assistance, Information/Education, Administrative/Operational, Emergency Response















Response Actions

Sector	Mitigation Action	Туре
Agriculture	Crop Variety and Seed Spacing	Individual with Assistance
Agriculture	Livestock Protection, Shade, and Water	Individual with Assistance
Agriculture	Irrigation Scheduling and Groundwater Controls	Info/Education; Admin/Operational
Agriculture	Emergency Hay/Forage (FSA programs, etc.)	Individual with Assistance
Energy	Improve Efficiency of Water Delivery	Admin/Operational
Energy	Load and Peak Demand Management	Admin/Operational
Municipal/Industrial /Domestic	Increase Groundwater Quantity and Quality Monitoring	Admin/Operational
Municipal/Industrial /Domestic	Water Use Restrictions - Voluntary and Mandatory	Info/Education; Admin/Operational















Response Actions

Sector	Mitigation Action	Туре
Municipal/Industrial /Domestic	Emergency/Fire Water Storage and/or Access	Emergency Response
Municipal/Industrial /Domestic	Emergency Potable Water	Emergency Response
Environmental	Coordinate Wildfire Suppression	Info/Education; Emergency Response
Environmental	Habitat Recovery	Admin/Operational
Recreation	Fish and Game Regulations During Drought	Info/Education; Admin/Operational
Scio-Economic	Increase Drinking WQ Monitoring	Admin/Operational
Scio-Economic	Increase Air Quality Monitoring	Admin/Operational
Scio-Economic	Coordinate Disaster Relief	Admin/Operational
Scio-Economic	Emergency Response (Red Cross, National Guard, Volunteer Fire Districts, etc.)	Emergency Response
Scio-Economic Scio-Economic	Increase Air Quality Monitoring Coordinate Disaster Relief Emergency Response (Red Cross, National Guard, Volunteer	Admin/Operationa Admin/Operationa















🖬 Mentimeter

Please rate the following Admin/Operational response actions by potential effectiveness

















衬 Mentimeter

Please rate the following Admin/Operational response actions by potential effectiveness

















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Please rate the following Emergency Response actions by potential effectivenesse

















衬 Mentimeter

Please rate the following Info/Education actions by potential effectivenesse

















衬 Mentimeter

Are there any mitigation/response actions that aren't currently included?

13 Answers

None	Nothing	use of conservation programs to temporarily retire marginal lands
No	Mandatory metering (can include TPNRD-type power monitoring)	No
None	improving riverine wetlands for storage, water quantity and water quality concerns	A concerted effort of educating the public and getting buy in from local authorities.















🔰 Mentimeter

Are there any mitigation/response actions that aren't currently included?

13 Answers

re-purpose water from one use to another uses, supplement river flows with stored gw or sw compensation to implement conservation programs intended to reduce water usage on irrigated lands Raise crops that dont require irrigation

Plant less water intensive crops

CPNRD CENTRAL PLATTE NATURAL RESOURCES DISTRICT













Operational/Administrative Framework

- Drought Dashboard website of indicators/indices
- Drought monitoring part of Platte Basin Coalition's regular meetings
 - Drought conditions report
 - Communication coordination (as needed)
 - On-going mitigation or response actions of individual entities
 - Evaluate/prioritize potential basin-wide mitigation or response actions
- Review of monitoring protocols/plan (annual review)















Let's Talk!

We Want to Hear Your Thoughts on the Plan















Let's Talk!



- What are your initial reactions?
- What might be missing?















Do You Have More You Would Like to Share?

Grab a comment form from one of the staff

OR

Use our electronic form

- Visit <u>https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/UPRDCP</u>
- Scan this QR code with your cell phone

















What Comes Next?















What Comes Next?



- This is last planned Drought Task Force Meeting
 - NOTE: We may reconvene this group if substantial changes are needed following reviews
- PBC will review draft
- Draft Plan will be submitted to the Bureau of Reclamation July 31
- PBC/NRD/NeDNR review of the Final Plan will occur in the fall







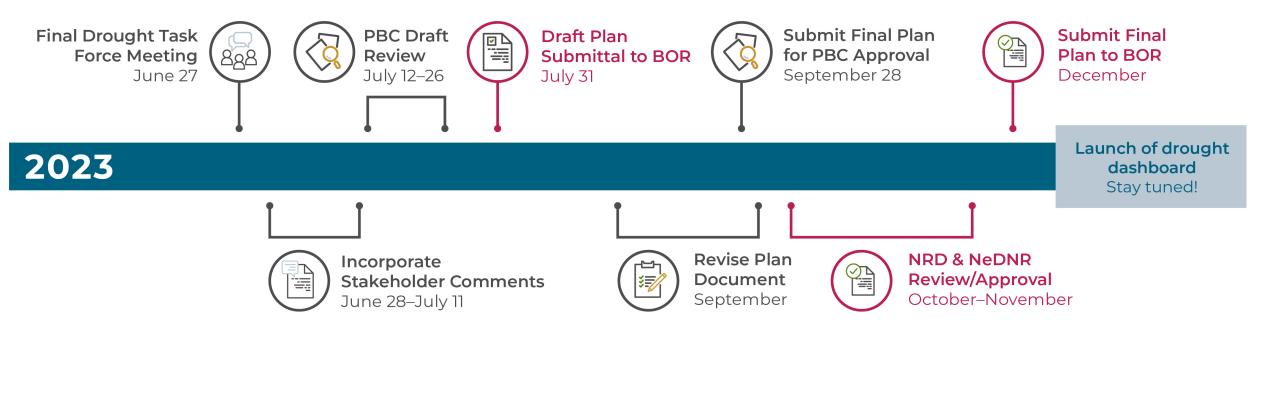








What Comes Next?

















Any Questions?















THANK YOU!





SOUTH PLATTE Natural Resources Distric







